

Analysis of cases of human rights violations in Gaza according to international regulations and customs

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Abstract

Human rights are used during war as a tool to prevent harm to civilians. The Zionist regime has ratified numerous human rights treaties and its actions in the recent Gaza war are a violation of the obligations arising from these treaties; In addition, many international customary rules include the observance of human rights, which is mandatory for everyone, including Israel. Human rights include economic, social, cultural, civil, and political rights, and according to the reports of some human rights organizations, many of its standards have been violated by the occupying regime during the recent war in Gaza. In this article, we want to use a descriptive and analytical method from different aspects of human rights violations in Gaza from the point of view of attacks on medical centers and the injured, siege and imprisonment, forced population transfer, targeting civilians, cutting off water, electricity and fuel. prevent the entry of humanitarian aid, sexual harassment, attacks on schools, mosques and historical places.

Keywords: human rights, violations, Israel, Palestin

1.Introduction

War is one of the problems of human societies, and the efforts of some philosophers, especially during the last century, have been to limit wars with the help of human rights and ethics [1] The sovereignty of governments has been bound by many rules in the shadow of developments in international law, and today the sovereignty of governments is not absolute. And the governments should be accountable for their performance, and one of them is the observance of human rights standards.[2] The three main institutions in the United Nations that were responsible for protecting and promoting human rights are the Security Council, the General Assembly and the Human Rights Commission. The responsibility of the Security Council in this regard is limited to human rights issues that endanger international peace and security. The General Assembly has also adopted a number of resolutions and statements and has held many discussions regarding serious violations of human rights. One of the United Nations institutions that was directly responsible for human rights was the Human Rights Commission, which was established in 1946 by the Economic and Social Council under Article 68 of the Charter, but the success rate of this specialized commission was always discussed by lawyers and politicians until Finally, after 60 years from the date of its establishment, on March 15, 2006, the General Assembly, through a resolution, replaced this commission with the "Human Rights Council".[3] In addition to the institutions of the United Nations, according to the provisions of friendly international human rights, in the event of an armed conflict, both international and domestic, the parties to the conflict are not unlimited in choosing the methods and tools used in war, but rather, the methods of war that cause non-human injuries It is forbidden to enter justified; Based on this, that amount of force It must be used, which is necessary to overcome the enemy. The warring parties cannot use any method for war and are prohibited from attacking and bombing unprotected or defenseless places, attacking hospitals, churches, mosques and similar religious places [4].

In international law, there are fundamental rules that are interpreted as mandatory rules. These rules are at the top of the hierarchy of international law, and any other rule that contradicts them is considered invalid, and any government that acts against these rules will have international responsibility.[4] Human rights are among the authoritarian rules, no government or sovereign is immune to it; [5] although the government can both guarantee human rights to its citizens and violate them to its own citizens and other nations. be.[6]

The actions of the Zionist regime in the land of Palestine must be in accordance with the customary rules of international law as well as international human rights treaties of which the Zionist regime is a member. Some of the treaties in which the Zionist regime is a member include: International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights; The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, the United Nations Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women and the Convention on the Rights of the Child. In wars and military attacks, in order to prevent the violation of basic human rights, the protection of human rights must be strengthened, and this is possible only if the governments consider themselves obliged to observe minimum standards for human beings in any situation. . The human rights committee in the interpretative theory number 31, while stating the complementary relationship between human rights and humanitarian rights, has emphasized the implementation of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights in the conditions of armed conflicts, which are governed by the rules of humanitarian rights. The Human Rights Committee considers the member states to be responsible for guaranteeing the observance of the Covenant for all persons under jurisdiction or under control. The Covenant of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights has also established explicit limitations in relation to territorial jurisdiction, and based on this, the occupying regime is committed to complying with its provisions towards the Palestinian people, because according to Article 4 of the Covenant of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the member countries They cannot subject the mentioned rights to restrictions except according to the law and only to the extent that is compatible with the nature of these rights and its purpose is exclusively to develop public welfare in a democratic society. According to the Committee of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the restrictions It should be proportionate and governments should adhere to their obligations according to customary international law. It should be said that the principles contained in the United Nations Charter reflect customary international law to some extent. The court has emphasized that the occurrence of conflicts does not negate the protections contained in the Covenant of Civil and Political Rights and the Covenant of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and the human rights obligations of governments according to them, and in this regard it refers to Article 4 of the Covenant of Civil and Political Rights. according to which, under any circumstances, including the occurrence of conflict or emergency, governments are not allowed to suspend some of the basic human rights. In this case, although Israel has said that it observes the international humanitarian laws contained in the Fourth Geneva Convention in the occupied territories[7], the Zionist regime has failed to fulfill its obligations under various pretexts.

The international community has complained in accordance with human rights and humanitarian rights in the occupied Palestinian territories. This regime claimed that the Covenant of Civil and Political Rights and the Covenant of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, which Israel has also signed, are not applicable in the occupied territories because the main purpose of these human rights treaties is to protect individuals against their respective governments. It is also considered in peacetime. In this case, regarding the nature of the rules of human rights, the Court declares that the protections stipulated in international human rights treaties do not stop during war and governments must respect the rights of human beings both during peace and during war. And it was on this basis that the action of the occupying regime to build a retaining wall in the occupied lands was declared a serious violation of the human rights of the people living in that area, including the right to choose residence, the right to move freely.[8]

The Human Rights Council has always tried to take clear positions on Israel's criminal and anti-human rights actions, but due to the politicization of the United Nations Security Council, the actions and activities of this council have little effect on anti-human rights behaviors. The Israeli regime has not. The negative or abstaining opinions of some of the member states of the Human Rights Council are also inconsistent with the sensitivity they show regarding the importance of observing human rights[9] and in the shadow of these neglects and politicization of the relevant institutions, Israel is at ease. He has committed all kinds of gross violations of human rights in Gaza, which we will mention in the rest of the article:

2. Encirclement and confinement

The blockade of the Gaza Strip refers to the blocking of the borders of the Gaza Strip since June 2007 by Israel and Egypt, which was done with the aim of putting pressure on the Hamas government. Since the siege of the Gaza Strip, the borders of the Gaza Strip have been closed to international aid organizations and foreign journalists. On January 24, 2008, the UN Human Rights Council asked Israel to end the blockade of the Gaza Strip in order to reduce tension. Since November 5, 2008, Israel has completely cut off the communication of 1,500,000 Palestinians with the outside world by closing the crossings of the Gaza Strip. The special rapporteur of the United Nations Human Rights Council, Richard Falk, called the continued blockade of Gaza a crime against humanity and collective punishment of the Palestinian people. He criticized Israel by saying that Israel only allowed aid when the people of Gaza were on the brink of famine. Due to the control of the Gaza Strip by Hamas, Israel labeled this region as "enemy land" and announced that it would stop delivering diesel and gasoline to Gaza. It will decrease by 15%, but fuel delivery to power stations will not decrease. Israel argued that with Gaza declared under the control of the enemy, Israel no longer has to comply with the international laws governing the administration of the occupied territories and provide the public services needed by the civilian residents of the area, but some time later, it completely stopped sending fuel. After this stage, it was time to completely cut off the fuel of the only power plant in Gaza. Since the Gaza Strip's only power plant ran out of fuel, the area's electricity has been out for several hours every day. Israel stated that the reason for this action was to stop Hamas from launching rockets towards Israel. The United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs in Gaza reported that in 2008, half of the equipment at Gaza's Shafa Hospital was out of order due to lack of energy and spare parts. According to Oxfom, the supply of drinking water has also faced problems and due to the lack of access to chlorine, it was impossible to treat it since mid-December. In this difficult situation, in November 2008, Israel opened the crossings of Gaza only 4 times for the passage of 140 trucks carrying humanitarian aid. According to Oxfom, this was only 8% of the aid sent by the international community to the Palestinian people.

The people of Gaza, who have been under siege for the past 16 years, have been the target of the Zionist regime's collective punishment strategy for more than 4 months. In response to more than seven decades of crimes committed by the Zionist regime, the Palestinian resistance groups launched the "Al-Aqsa Storm" operation from Gaza (southern Palestine) against the positions of the Israeli regime on October 15, 2023, which finally, after 45 days of fighting and fighting, On December 3, 1402 (November 24, 2023), a four-day temporary truce was established, or a pause for the exchange of prisoners between Hamas and Israel. This pause in the war continued for seven days, and finally on the morning of Friday, December 10 (December 1, 2023), the temporary ceasefire ended. arrived and the Israeli regime resumed attacks on Gaza. In order to retaliate against the "Al-Aqsa Storm" attacks and compensate for its failure and stop the resistance operations, this regime has closed the crossings of the Gaza Strip and is bombarding this area. The closing of the crossings is done on the people while according to Article 12 of the Covenant of Civil and Political Rights, anyone who legally resides in the government land has the right to freely

pass and freely choose his residence there. Everyone is free to leave any country, including his own country.

After the blockade of Gaza, the unemployment rate increased, trade was disrupted, and the price of many goods tripled or quadrupled, and the only way to provide food and necessities for the people was the humanitarian aid of other nations, and the smuggling of goods such as cigarettes, clothes, chocolate, fuel, etc. Drugs from Egypt to Gaza Strip have brought a lot of profit to the smugglers. This is despite the fact that employment is recognized as a human right in many international documents. According to this right, every human being has the right to benefit from desirable and worthy job opportunities.[10] For the people of Gaza, despite being surrounded and imprisoned, the implementation of this right has been limited and even impossible in many cases.

In addition to the siege regarding the imprisonment of the people of Gaza, the Islamic Republic News Agency, citing the American newspaper Washington Post, reported the arrest of hundreds of Palestinian civilians by the Zionist regime's army in Gaza and their transfer to prisons of this regime inside the occupied territories. Contrary to the internal laws of this regime and international laws, the Zionist army temporarily arrests ordinary Palestinian people in the West Bank, Gaza and the occupied territories, and many people remain in prison for months without charge. Since Benjamin Netanyahu's right-wing cabinet came to power, the conditions for Palestinian prisoners have worsened, and "Itamar Ben Goyer", the minister of internal security of this cabinet, demanded that these prisoners not be given enough food, not to visit and execute them.[11]

3. Attack on medical centers

While according to Article 12 of the Covenant of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the Zionist regime is committed to: "recognize the right of everyone to enjoy the best possible state of physical and mental health" by carrying out actions that directly or indirectly destroy the following. The constructions necessary to benefit from the right to physical and mental health have ultimately led to the violation of these rights. Destruction of hospitals or targeting ambulances and medical personnel are among the violations that carry the responsibility of the Zionist regime as a member of the Covenant of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.[8]

During the recent war in Gaza, medical and health facilities are very limited. A large number of people suffered serious injuries from the direct attacks of the Zionist regime. On the one hand, severe lack of medicine and failure of existing vital equipment due to the siege of hospitals and insufficient power reserves in the network, on the other hand, have threatened people's health. The Palestine Red Crescent Society expresses its deep concern regarding the violent attacks by the occupation forces on medical missions and vehicles carrying the wounded, which lead to intolerable consequences for the medical forces, the wounded and the sick.

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has done. The Palestinian Red Crescent reminded the international community that in accordance with the Geneva Conventions, their additional protocols and international humanitarian law; Medical forces, transports related to medical matters, wounded and sick are protected.[11] According to Mehr News Agency, in the letter of Mr. Kolivand, the head of the Red Crescent Society and the head of the National Humanitarian Rights Committee of Iran, regarding the violations of international humanitarian law in Gaza, to the prosecutor of the International Criminal Court, there are cases such as attacks on civilians, hospitals and medical workers. It was mentioned and emphasized that it is expected that the International Criminal Court, as a judicial institution, will take steps towards the realization of justice for everyone everywhere, and that as soon as possible, the necessary measures will be taken to try those who commit international crimes listed in the Rome Statute during the armed conflict between have become internationalized in his agenda.[12]

4. Forced population transfer

In relation to the right to housing, certain actions during the war - especially the widespread destruction of houses - are considered forced evictions and as a result, violation of Article 11 of the Covenant of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights. The Economic, Social and Cultural Rights Committee has stated: "Forcible eviction is the permanent or temporary removal of individuals, families or groups from their homes or lands against their will." The Minister of Information of the Zionist regime is the last person to suggest " has provided voluntary settlement of Palestinian refugees in Gaza; He wrote in "Jerusalem Post" that instead of paying for the reconstruction of Gaza or the failed UNRWA, the international community could help with resettlement costs and help the people of Gaza build a new life in their new host countries. [8]

On October 14, 2023, the Israeli army ordered the evacuation of northern Gaza for all of Gaza City to be evacuated to the south within 24 hours; Shortly after the evacuation order was issued, UN facilities, including UNRWA, were ordered to move to Rafah. The Israeli evacuation order was described by Jan Eglund, a former Norwegian diplomat involved with the Oslo Accords, as a forced population transfer. "Forced transfer" is the forced transfer of a civilian population as part of an organized crime against it and is considered a crime against humanity by the International Criminal Court. "Hundreds of thousands of people are fleeing for their lives. This is not what you can call an evacuation," Egglund said in an interview with the BBC. This is the forced transfer of people from all over northern Gaza. According to the Geneva Convention, it is a war crime. UN Special Rapporteur Francesca Albanese warned of mass ethnic cleansing in Gaza Israeli historian Raz Segal called it "a textbook case of genocide"

.5. The goal of Qaradadan is irregular

He transgressed and carried the regime of Israel into Mardam, Gaza, and an irregular group of people, without hesitation, he flagrantly violated coercive rules and created a group of crimes among the militias. Implementing balances and rules of rights among the sects, including customary rules, rules, and regulations Rights in Shardostana among the sects, a Zionist religious who committed an obscene and serious violation of the previously mentioned decisions. On the basis of the rules of customary rights and decisions between the sects, the perpetrators and those who violate these decisions, the reason for the commission of the crimes of Chinggi and the Neslikshi of Shunde trials and punishments is required.[4]

Attribution among the people who have access to it is a security policy and a protocol that is attached to it, especially people who have been protected for a long time, and who are armed with the actions of Israel, such as an obscene violation of human rights in Bashardostana, which receives Kurdistan. Basically, where are the decisions and attributions of the rights of the code, the criminal

and roughness of the Code of Gaza, the forms of the attacks against a human being that can be watched by Bashid. Hamaganin Az Nazr Asnamah Diwan Kifri Among the Milli Works of Israel with the titles Crime of Ali Bashrit, Crime of Genghi and Nesl Kashi May Kind Application. If there are such rights of cassation in Gaza, if a set of rights are imposed on human beings, they will be subject to these conditions, they will be set aside, they will be subject to a legal action, in which case there will be a criminal prosecution and trial, a dismissal of consideration, if you are tired of attaching and not attaching to it, you have made treaties and covenants, among other things, there is no possibility of this. [13]

Conforming to a new type of inter-community gatherings, compulsory promiscuity, and participation in straight sex in the classroom, loss of organs and loss of organs, attacks on schools and their practices, slavery, sexual abuse and abuse, and deprivation. As a result of the chaos of a human being, what is the source of such harshness in this country? There are two armed drivers with a code that cannot be used.[14] There are many resources in Gaza, and there are many resources.

Use this weapon to use it as a secret weapon to destroy human rights by deliberately violating or seriously threatening a fundamental right that is not a negligent right or a reflexive irregularity [15].] This is a huge problem, and there is a lot of boredom, Israel's hobby campaigns in Gaza. There are many types of plural metaphors, such as these campaigns, according to the laws of the sects, it is absolutely forbidden, and criminal offenses are prohibited. Israel Katz, the Minister of Energy of Israel, raised accusations of widespread accusations: "In reality, there is no line left and nothing to do with anything... For a long time, there was no connection left, not a drop of blood or a battery drain T. Nakhawahand Kurd.

6. Using a chemical weapon

On October 12, 2023, a human rights report issued by Kurdistan on the mission of the Kurdistan Army to travel to Gaza for the benefit of Kurdistan. The travel of Safid in the face of a misfortune, which causes a deep and intense distress that can cause severe internal pain and even partial damage . On the basis of human rights violations, he took advantage of an illegal and illegal incident in which there was an explosion in the air in the areas of the month of Berget Please note the requirements and requirements of the laws of Shardostana between the two mills for Anjam. All possible precautions to protect the device from irregular shocks and other accidental damage if the weapon is violated by Brian Kastner, an amnesty weapon builder among the boredom, as there is a reliable weapon This is in accordance with the laws of the various regions in which the accumulation of associations is prohibited.

7. Cut off, Barq and Sokht Dar Gaza

It is a limited natural source, and it is a common calamity in the opinion of Zandji, and it is safe and sound. It is a human right, including the right to have enough money, to have a safe and secure home, both personal and local, in order not to prevent it from entering the countryside of Khashkasali. The first clause of Article 11 is a charter of economic, social, and cultural rights, as well as census and resources, with the right to a home being sufficient to rent a home. In the text of the article, there is a right that is limited to resources mentioned above, and there is definitely a right in it that is important to use in order to have a sufficient negligible surface. There is a matter of mediating the amount of economic, social and religious rights in a general interpretation of Form 15, which has a detailed discussion.[8]

Sabotaging the Abu and Fadlab network in New Gaza, among other resources, is a serious veto of human rights and rights in Shardostana, Shamrdada, severely. It has the title of Bakhshi, regarding

the siege of Gaza with the mediation of Israel, the completion of its constitution, with six months. Article 51 of the Berlin Rules regarding the source of the Abbey's sources, regarding the deletion of a father or father's right to make a forced or forced move to prevent the device from being blocked. On October 14, the Kurdish media in Gaza were undisclosed, and nearly a million people were in danger of being attacked by a terrorist organization, as a result of a recent decision. On October 15, Israel agreed to secure its security services in southern Gaza. In this case, Imdadgaran and Sakhngoi have entered the country's home. Josep Burle, diplomat of the European Federation, cut off Israel's mediation, describing Kurd as "a people with inter-religious laws."

8. Loggery from the receipt of this device in Bashrdostana

In the words of the rights of such human beings, they were in the past peace, and they were in the past, in the opinion of their state, they must follow a constitutional right to have adequate food and a healthy father.[8] In the context of the device and the protocol, the first drawer is attached, in the selection of the two control boxes for food and household materials, with the same syntax, in contrast to the needs, "normal, not required, not allowed [4]"

Philippe Lazzarini, Director of the All Agencies and Support Services for Palestinian Organizations in the Gaza Strip (UNRWA) with the spread of data through a Carbare account on the social network EX on a link to it There are no food supplies in Gaza that are stored in immediate water, and the balance of the goods in the garden is in it. In this area, type 7

On the 23rd of January, you will be able to return to the city of Shardostana in northern Gaza, where Israel will be able to plant it and return it to its Kurdistan region, next to it. Its Palestine is like this with Israel's campaigns, and it's too deep with a device like a deep rose, which has been removed. A Palestinian resident in northern Gaza, in the city of Naboud, is forced to go to Asyab, Khorak, Dam Shadand.

As a result of the arrival of Kumk Hai in Bashrdostana in the middle of the Arch of Israel, it has the title of collective metaphors, as the crimes of Chinggi may be established on the basis of a treaty in an armed way between the sects and not between the sects. In accordance with Article 3, it is strictly forbidden to use the content of the device and the attached Protocol 2. Christos Christo, head of the non-partisan militia, brought millions of irregular groups into Gaza as evidence of the besiegement mediated by Israel with "collective metaphors" by Robert Husband.

9. Sexual excitement

With the guidance of the Chinese government, here is a protocol attached to it and the non-violation treaty of Riodozanero regarding the natural rights of persons, the right to personal security.[16]

Extreme sexual abuse and the threat of sexual transgression at the hands of an Israeli who committed adultery and Palestinian intrusion in Bazdasht Khudsarana. This is a long-term statement, as there is a building in this area where there is adultery and Palestinian burglaries on the ground, or there is an intentional escape from the target of a new decision and in a legal detail that has been disclosed Yashund, Shoka Shaddhayim. This is an adulterer and a fool in the past, when you mediate between the arches of Israel, O Nerohai, and you clothe him with it. Here's a statement: 2 Palestinian zandanis committed sexual transgression and were severely threatened with sexual transgression and roughness. This is the most disgusting statement on the contrary, a Palestinian adulterer, an Israeli regime, mediated by the terms of the disparagement of his country and the Internet with a very disgusting subscription. This statement is very difficult: There is no information about the number of fornicators and the code, but there is no contact with the Israeli Defense Forces, and there is no need for the Israeli Defense Forces to mediate it here The transfer

case has been changed. This code of religion is very difficult and it is known that it is not known. It is worth mentioning that the news of a Palestinian ministerial news was reported by Shihab, and the Islamic resistance of Palestine was prevented by the issuance of a statement by Kurdish media. Such a statement was issued by a group of Gazarashgaran and Karshanasan Sazman M.M A challenge that has been overcome by the pictures of his room against human rights in the face of adultery and Palestinian smoke in the dark. Gaza and Karana, choose a Kurdish document, proof and confirmation of the crime of sexual abuse and extortion of a Zionist diet that Benjamin Netanyahu has paid for it Ast clay.

10. A campaign with schools

A campaign in such schools, which is very difficult to preserve, is considered to be difficult, and there is a significant and significant growth in the violation of people's rights through the mediation of Zionism.

Sazman, "Human Rights Supervisor, Europe-Mediterranean" (Euro-Med) Kurdish figures, a Zionist diet, there is a school in which this is the case, a Palestinian joker in Gaza in Anha who built his room, carried out a conspiracy, and committed a crime. You are so afraid. This is the latest news from the Islamic Republic of Iran, reported from Al Jazeera. This is the headquarters of the Swiss government. Confirm that this is a Zionist regime in the schools of the perpetrator of a serious crime, such as the death penalty The destruction, harm, and terror of the Palestinians has become severe. 203 Kurdish media, Zionist regime campaigns, and 203 of them were destroyed, and 45 schools were completely destroyed.

11. It contains mosques and historical places

This is a basic sentence that has the title of a peremptory rule, a common source among the mullahs who decided to make a decision regarding the conduct of a religious ceremony. In terms of human rights and regulations, first and foremost, human rights include respect for Sunni etiquette and customs, and the conduct of religious ceremonies. [4] For this reason, even the statutory works related to the rights of Shardostana may be removed; Israel, if you take care of these rules, it is said that this situation is difficult to discuss. Do not discuss these matters, whether internal or external, with this diet This is a different language. Removal of Israel with the new law, a protocol attached to it and the non-violation treaty of Rio Dozanero, which is different from the Palestinian territories and natural rights, in general I have a personal wish and a suitable appearance. [17]

Compliance with Article 18 of the Human Rights Journalism, December 10, 1948, the General Assembly of the Sazman sect, where religious ceremonies were conducted [18]. Man Bachand. As of now, on October 19, 2023, you have just started the campaign for the Arches of Israel, in honor of the words of Saint Porphyry, of the Greek words of Orthodox in the month of Gaza, lands A Palestinian under Israeli occupation, a resource that was destroyed and destroyed by 18 Palestinian irregulars. I have a place where you have something related to the group of people in the neighborhood. Greek Orthodox bishop of Jerusalem. This is a crime against the Gentile army.

There is no shortage of mosques in addition to the right to hold sectarian ceremonies in the Mardam of Gaza on the site of the historical relics of Qardarand. As for the source of the campaign to protect Israel, there is Qaraftand, Sayyid Hashem Mosque and Bozorg Omri Mosque.

Sayyid Hashem Mosque is one of the most historic mosques in Gaza, with an area of 2,400 square kilometers. It was founded by the Mamluks in 1930 AD during the period of the Ottoman Empire. This is what the Mamluks said. As for the impact of the campaigns for the hobby of the Ashghal diet, in Bakhshaha, at the Sayyid Hashem Asib Deed Mosque. Bozorg Mosque was once established in ancient times by Omar bin Al-Khattab. This mosque has an area of about 14.

12 .A different result

•Introductions of a Zionist regime in Palestine with a hand that conforms to customary rules, rights between religions and ethnic groups, treaties between religions, human rights, and a Zionist regime, a member of it. My treaties are a Zionist regime that is a member of the Abbasid Party: a pact between the economic, social, and religious groups; A covenant between the sects for civil and political rights, a covenant between the sects for the complete eradication of all forms of sectarian discrimination, a covenant between the sects for civil and political rights, a covenant between the sects for the complete eradication of all forms of discrimination against it, and a covenant for the rights of the United Nations.

•The Court of Confirmation of Kurdistan, whenever disputes occur in this regard, this protection is included in the Civil and Political Charter of Rights, the Economic, Social, and Cultural Charter of Rights, and human rights pledges that state that it applies to the non-existence of any kind, and in particular, Article 4 of the Civil and Political Charter. This heavy reliance is necessary because, under these conditions, if a quarrel occurs, or an urgent situation, this is a metaphor with a loose comment on the rights of human beings on which we rely. In this case, most of the laws that Israel has faced among the sects of Shirdostana fall under the law, and some of my concerns about taking care of others are different, but the Zionist diet is different Evay Pledges between the Milli Khud Bartabq Human Rights and Human Rights Dostana Dur Sarzmin Hai My Work Palestine Objection Kurdah Ast. Where are the people who claim that there is a civil and political charter of rights and an economic, social, and cultural charter of rights in which Israel has no rights? They were in the past, the peace of Qalmdad-May-Kand. There is a court in which there is a case in connection with what it is, human rights rules, a declaration that this protection is established in a charter among the militias. Human rights have long been suspended and their state is in the hands of human rights. They have always been reconciled, and they have always been cared for. .

•I have the right to enter my country and have the right of transit and passage to my country and to elect a resident of my family in Anga Khwahid Dasht. This is the word "kashur", "kashur", "khud ra", "turk kand."

•A current Zionist diet that entails Article 12 of the Charter of Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights, which stipulates: "The right of a person to enjoy whatever state of physical and mental safety he or she can obtain is decreed in the name of God." "With the determination of my actions, whether upright or unrighteous, against the path of sabotage." Dear sir, I have to come to my home for the right to the safety of my body and soul. At the end of the day, there is a violation of my rights. Where are my rights? Destroying Bimaristan, this is the goal of the decision of the Ambulance Party, and this is the result of my backwardness, among other things, the responsibility of a Zionist regime, which has an organic title among its members, an economic, social, and religious charter of rights. Identical to the laws and regulations of the present day and the rights of Bashrdostana among the mullahs; Nirohai Pazshki, carrying and transporting it is related to the matters of Pizshki, Majrohan and Bimaran of Barkhordar Hastend province.

•Destruction of the Gostardah Khaneh and forced ejection, violating Article 11 of the Charter of Economic, Social and Farhangi Rights of Mahsob Gardad. A number of economic, social and religious rights. Kurdah's statement: "Forcible expulsion has been made against the tendency of individuals. He has betrayed him, oh boy, he has permanently betrayed him, oh temporary, he has betrayed him, oh, he has betrayed him, oh, he has betrayed her, oh, he has betrayed her, oh, he has betrayed her, oh, she has betrayed her, oh, she has betrayed her." October 14, 2023, ARC Israel's constitution evacuates the north Gaza, at the end of the month of Gaza, was issued within 24 hours of the south zenith of Takhlih Shund; The constitution for the abandonment of Israel was mediated by Jan Egeland, a former Norwegian diplomat with the title of forced transfer to the Association of Descriptions.

•Violating and attacking Israel’s borders with Mardam of Gaza, irregular custodial acts, and violating the laws and regulations attached to it We are talking about this matter and they are fighting, the rules of rights in Shardostana between the sects.

•On October 12, 2023, a human rights report issued by the Kurds on the mission of sending a delegation to Gaza for the benefit of Kurdistan. On the basis of human rights violations, the use of illegal phosphorescence in an air explosion in the city’s monthly public areas has caused an irregularity, such as an obscene act, that comes into contact with a note on the terms and conditions of the law. In the name of God, Brian Kastner has vetoed his rule. Amnesty weapons sales among the militias, the use of which is a weapon that is calculated to be intended according to the laws among the militias in regions with the accumulation of an association that is prohibited

The first clause of Article 11 is a charter of economic, social, and cultural rights, as well as census and resources, with the right to a home being sufficient to rent a home. In the text of the article, there is a right that is limited to resources mentioned above, and there is definitely a right in it that is important to use in order to have a sufficient negligible surface. Here is a matter whose quantity is intermediary with economic, social and religious rights in a general interpretation, Form 15, with a detailed explanation. Sabotaging the Abu and Fadlab network in New Gaza, among other resources, is a serious veto of human rights and rights in Shardostana, Shamrdada, severely. It has the title of Bakhshi, regarding the siege of Gaza with the mediation of Israel, the completion of its constitution, with six months. Article 51 of the Berlin Rules regarding the source of the Abbey’s sources, regarding the deletion of a father or father’s right to make a forced or forced move to prevent the device from being blocked. On October 14, the Kurdish figures in Gaza were not recognized.

• When registering a device and a protocol in the first drawer, when choosing a control box for food and household items, there is a grammar other than the usual requirements, it is forbidden to use a logger to enter this area This mediation of the Arch of Israel has the title of plural metaphors, as Criminal offenses committed on the basis of an armed conflict between the sect and non-sectarian parties, under Article 3 of the Joint Code and the Additional Protocol 2, are forbidden. It's too late

• With the guidance of the Chinese law, a protocol attached hereto and to the Non-Infringement Treaty on the Rights of Persons, the right to personal security. Extreme sexual abuse and the threat of sexual transgression at the hands of an Israeli who committed adultery and Palestinian intrusion in Bazdasht Khudsarana.

• A campaign against such schools, which were very difficult to preserve and account for, a significant and significant growth in the violation of people’s rights through the mediation of Zionism. Sazman, “Human Rights Supervisor, Europe-Mediterranean” (Euro-Med) Kurdish figures, a Zionist diet, there is a school in which this is the case, a Palestinian joker in Gaza in Anha who built his room, carried out a conspiracy, and committed a crime. You are so afraid.

• In the legal profession and protocol, first and foremost, human rights include respect for Sunni etiquette and customs, and the conduct of religious ceremonies. Compliance with Article 18, Human Rights Journalism, December 10, 1948, Public Assembly of the Mutahid Milliyya, here is the right to perform religious ceremonies, but in addition to the fact that it is identical to the custom among the sects, mosques, and the Nizami’s campaigns are subject to the Aman Bashand . As of now, on October 19, 2023, you have just started the campaign of Arches Israel, fearing the words of Saint Porphyrius, the Greek arthropods in the month of Gaza, lands A Palestinian under Israeli occupation, a resource that has been razed and destroyed by 18 Palestinian irregulars. There is no shortage of mosques in addition to the right to hold sectarian ceremonies in the Mardam of Gaza on the site of the historical relics of Qardarand. As for the source of the campaign to protect Israel, there is Qaraftand, Sayyid Hashem Mosque and Bozorg Omri Mosque. In addition to the “Porphyrius Saint” building, there is an old building in the city of Gaza. It is a dark gray building next to the Al-Omari Mosque, an old historical building in this area of Gaza By the way, there is a historical attraction in the Gaza Strip in the city of Marwad, and there is a historical place in Al-Saqqa. There is a Farhangi

center in Gaza that is considered a major threat to the ongoing Zionist regime campaigns in Gaza, and there is a known disagreement among the militias about sabotaging the decision of the company.

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18. Bahandari, Fatima, 1399, Hawait Zanan Musliman wa Huqouk Human, 15th edition, Shamara 2, Du Fasnameh Bayn Al-Milli Huqouk Human, 175-179.

19. Here are some general links that resonate, especially with the following ones:

<https://www.prib.ir/portal/newsview>

20. Here are some information about the news:

<https://www.isna.ir/news>

21. My Mizan Beh Idras:

<https://www.mizanonline.ir/fa/news>

22. Anatomy's news site has the following articles:

<https://www.aa.com.tr>